

Lightweight Contextual Logical Structure Recovery

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Web Information Retrieval
Natural Language Processing Group

Lightweight Contextual Logical Structure Recovery

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Abstract

Logical structure recovery in scientific documents associates text with a semantic section of the article. Although previous work has distributed the surrounding context of a line, we model the important information by employing line-level attention on top of a transformer-based scientific document processing pipeline. With the addition of loss function engineering, we

Problem Statement

Classify each individual line into 23 predefined classes that indicate the hierarchy of the document structure.

systems (such as Optical Character Recognition (OCR)) to obtain such less cumbersome and similar performance without relying on

by creating a parsimonious model that operates on purely 2D features, eliminating such features.

Can we obtain (near-)SOTA
performance on logical structure
recovery without relying on feature-
rich information, but on context only?

Dataset

Data Source

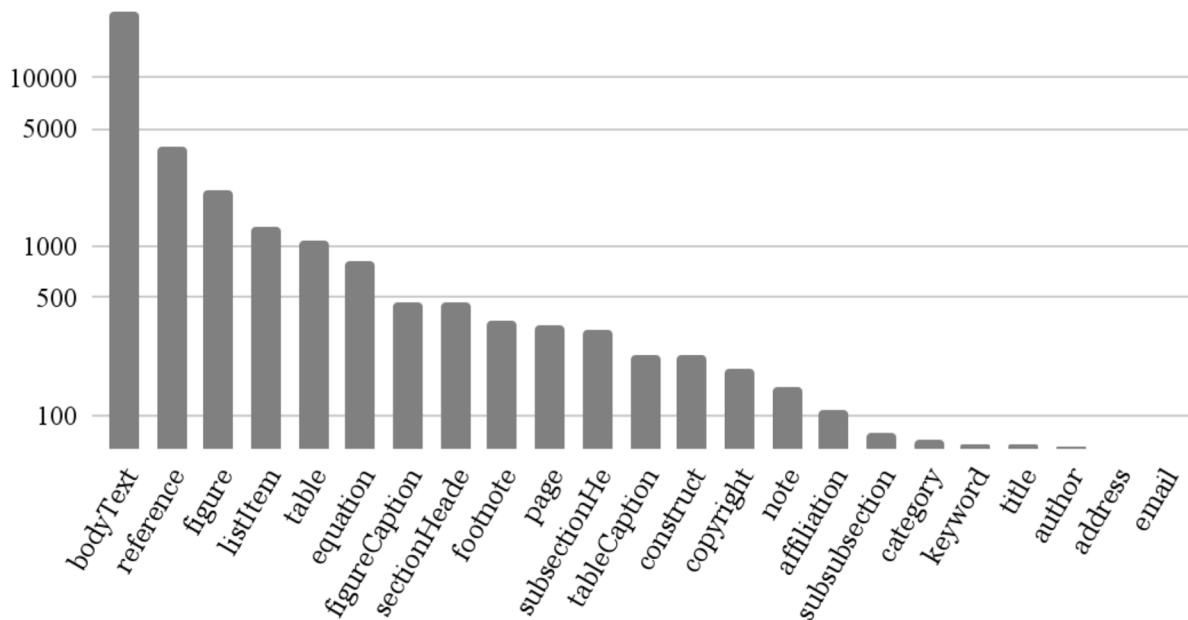
- Original SectLabel Dataset (*Luong et al., IJDLIS 2010*):
 - 20 ACL 2009 Papers
 - 20 CHI 2008 Papers
- Extended Testing Dataset:
 - 20 ACL 2020 Papers
- Unlabelled Dataset:
 - 570 ACL 2021 Long Papers
 - 1895 NeurIPS 2021 Papers

8:1:1 Document Split on SectLabel Dataset for Training, Validation and Testing

Dataset

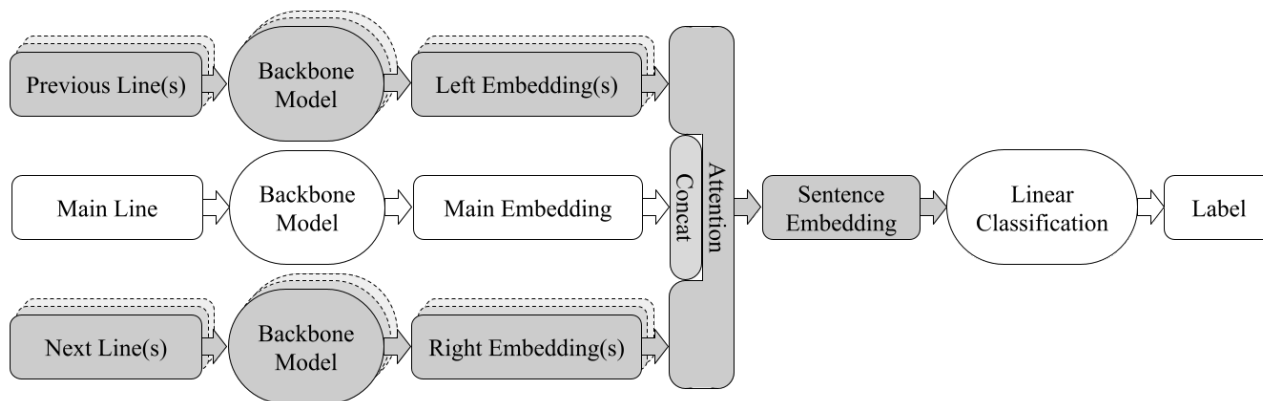
Category Distribution

Occurrence of Each Category



Contextual Model Construction

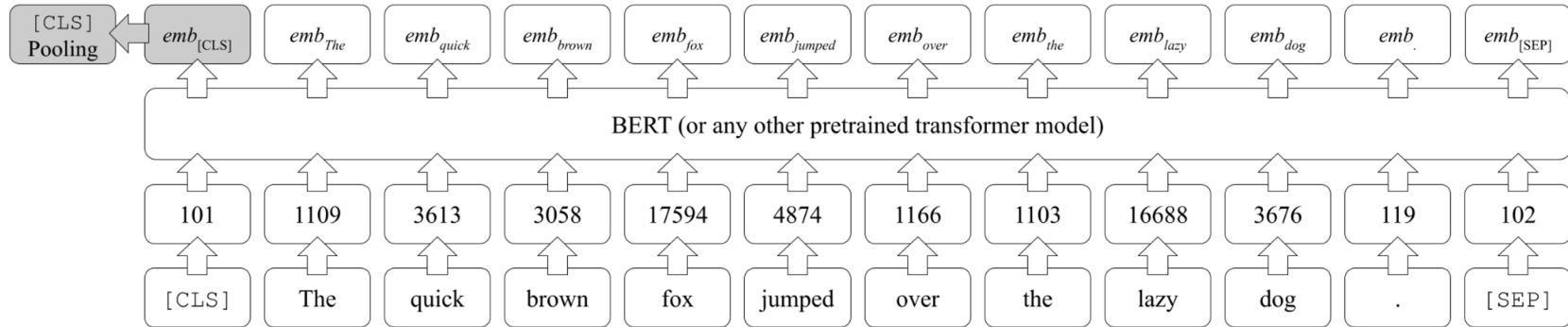
Sliding Window Attention



	Baseline	Sliding Window 5
Matthew E Peters, Mark Neumann, Mohit Iyyer, Matt Gardner, Christopher Clark, Kenton Lee, and Luke Zettlemoyer. Deep contextualized word representations. arXiv preprint arXiv:1802.05365, 2018.	<i>author</i> reference <i>bodyText</i> reference	reference reference reference reference

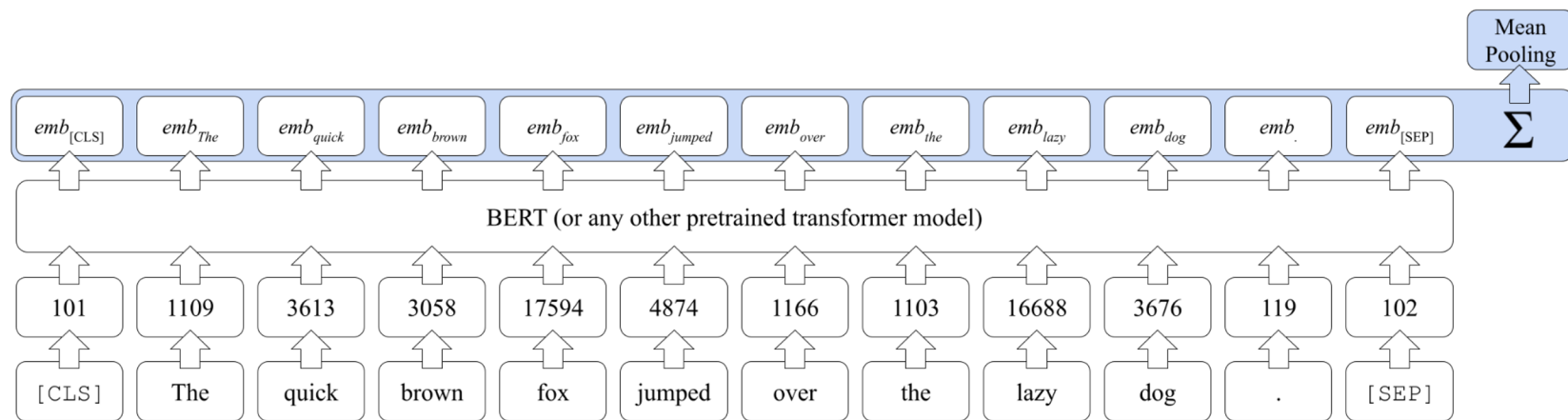
Pooling Methods for Sentence Embeddings

[CLS] Token



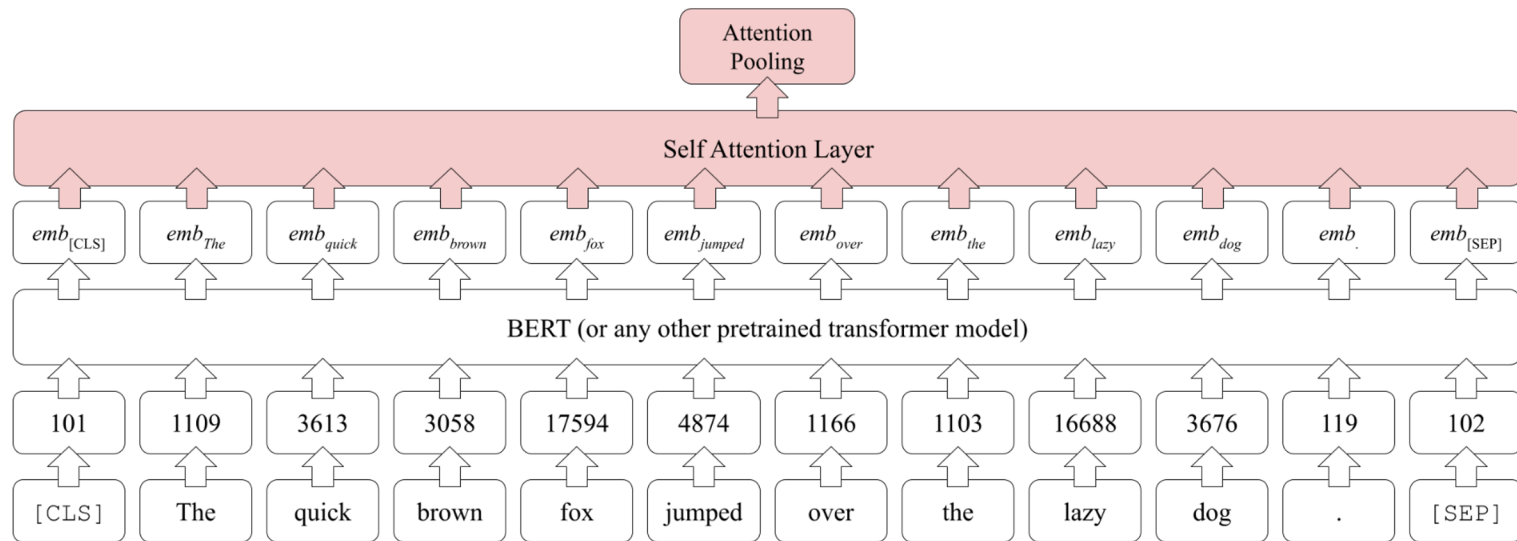
Pooling Methods for Sentence Embeddings

Mean Pooling



Pooling Methods for Sentence Embeddings

Attention Pooling



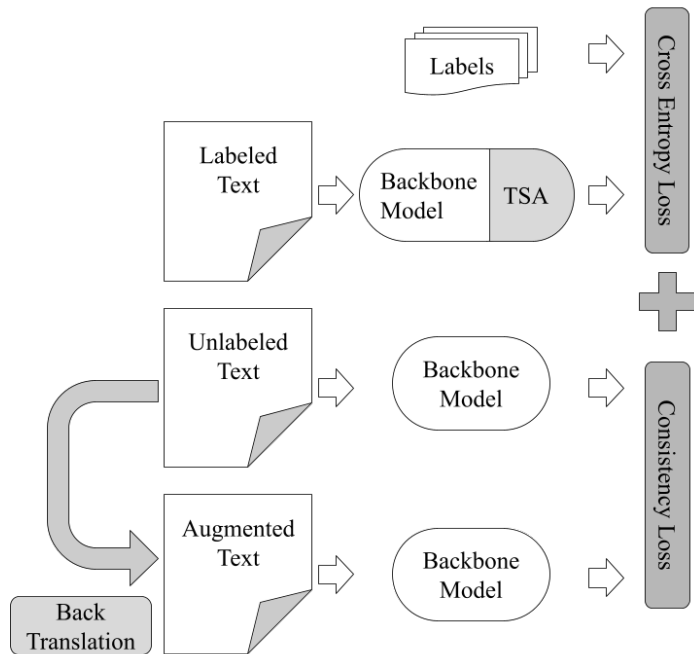
Semi-Supervised Learning

Data Augmentation Techniques

Original	Once upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered, weak and weary,
Synonym Replacement (EDA)	Erstwhile upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered, weak and weary,
Random Insertion (EDA)	Once upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered, weak and once weary,
Random Swap (EDA)	Once upon I midnight dreary, while a pondered, weak and weary,
Random Delete (EDA)	Once upon a _ dreary, while I pondered, _ and weary,
Back Translation	Once at midnight it was bleak while I was thinking, weak and tired,

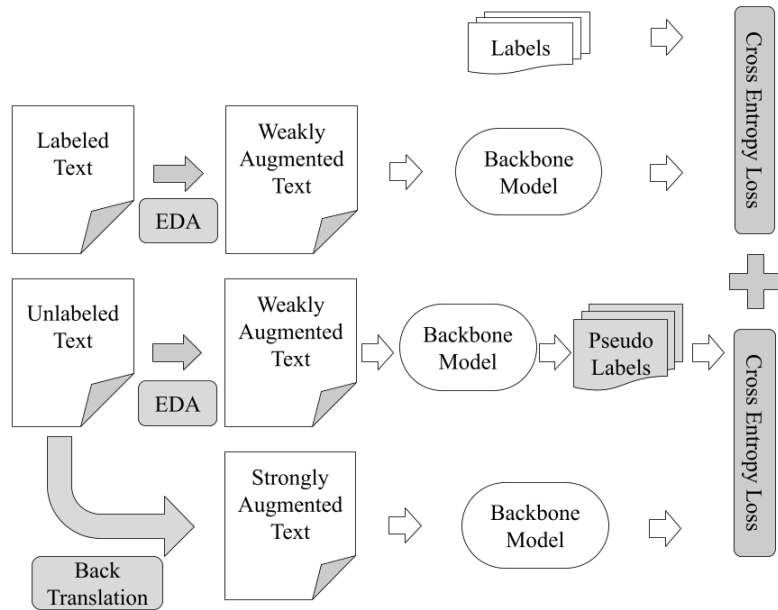
Semi-Supervised Learning

Unsupervised Data Augmentation



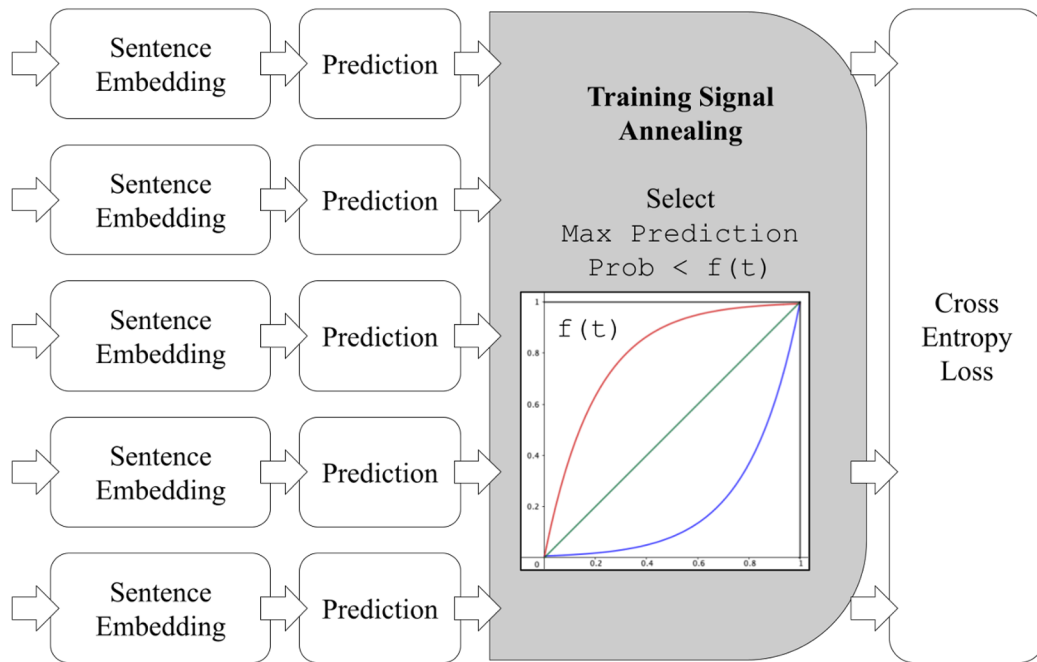
Semi-Supervised Learning

FixMatch



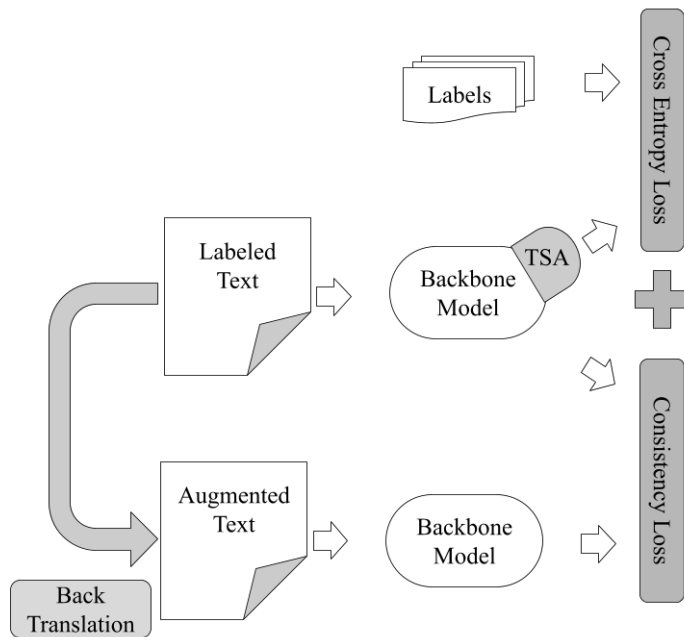
Loss Engineering

Training Signal Annealing



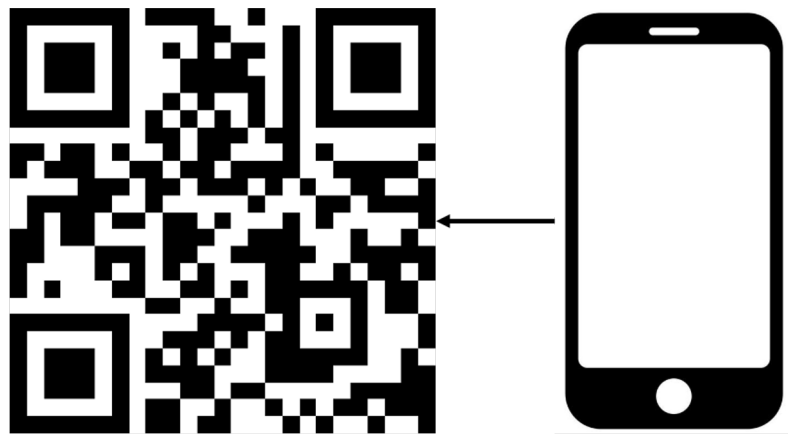
Loss Engineering

Supervised Data Augmentation



Results

Model	SectLabel		Extended	
	Macro F1	Micro F1	Macro F1	Micro F1
<i>SciWING</i> (Ramesh Kashyap and Kan, 2020)	0.732	0.900	-	-
RoBERTa-Attn Model (OURS)	0.806	0.904	0.596	0.870
RoBERTa-Attn Model + UDA _{log} [†]	0.784	0.906	0.669	0.887
RoBERTa-Attn Model + SDA _{log} [†]	0.832	0.929	0.623	0.886
<i>SectLabel</i> (Luong et al., 2010) [‡]	0.847	0.934	-	-



Scan to read the full paper!

Connect with the first author!



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